# Westbury-on-Severn C of E Primary School E-Safety Policy.

#### 2.1.1 Who will write and review the policy?

- The school will appoint an e-Safety Coordinator. This will be the Headteacher as the roles overlap with being the designated Child Safety Officer.
- Our e-Safety Policy has been written by the school, building on good practice guidance for e-safety policies and government guidance. It has been agreed by the senior management and approved by governors.
- The e-Safety Policy and its implementation will be reviewed annually.

#### 2.2Teaching and learning

#### 2.2.1 Why is Internet use important?

- The purpose of Internet use in school is to raise educational standards, to promote pupil achievement, to support the professional work of staff and to enhance the school's management functions.
- Internet use is part of the statutory curriculum and a necessary tool for learning.
- Internet access is an entitlement for students who show a responsible and mature approach to its use.
- The Internet is an essential element in 21st century life for education, business and social interaction. The school has a duty to provide students with quality Internet access as part of their learning experience.
- Pupils use the Internet widely outside school and will need to learn how to evaluate Internet information and to take care of their own safety and security.

#### 2.2.2 How does Internet use benefit education?

- educational and cultural exchanges between pupils world-wide;
- vocational, social and leisure use in libraries, clubs and at home;
- · access to experts in many fields for pupils and staff;
- professional development for staff through access to national developments, educational materials and effective curriculum practice;
- collaboration across support services and professional associations;
- improved access to technical support including remote management of networks and automatic system updates;
- exchange of curriculum and administration data with Gloucestershire County Council and DfE;
- access to learning wherever and whenever convenient.

#### 2.2.3 How can Internet use enhance learning?

- The school Internet access will be designed expressly for pupil use and will include filtering appropriate to the age of pupils.
- Pupils will be taught what Internet use is acceptable and what is not and given clear objectives for Internet use.
- Internet access will be planned to enrich and extend learning activities. Access levels will be reviewed to reflect the curriculum requirements and age of pupils.
- Staff should guide pupils in on-line activities that will support the learning outcomes planned for the pupils' age and maturity.

Review Date: Sept 2019

• Pupils will be educated in the effective use of the Internet in research, including the skills of knowledge location, retrieval and evaluation.

# 2.2.4 How will pupils learn how to evaluate Internet content?

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• The schools will ensure that the copying and subsequent use of Internet derived materials by staff and pupils complies with copyright law.

#### Children

- The following statements require adaptation according to the pupils' age:
  - Pupils should be taught to be critically aware of the materials they read and shown how to validate information before accepting its accuracy.
  - Pupils will be taught to acknowledge the source of information used and to respect copyright when using Internet material in their own work.
  - o The evaluation of on-line materials is a part of every subject.

## 2.3 Managing Information Systems

#### 2.3.1 How will information systems security be maintained?

- The security of the school information systems will be reviewed regularly.
- · Virus protection will be updated regularly.
- Regularly patched with security updates through South West Grid for Learning (SWGfL)
- Personal data sent over the Internet will be encrypted or otherwise secured.
- Portable media may not be used without specific permission followed by a virus check.
- Unapproved system utilities and executable files will not be allowed in pupils' work areas or attached to email.
- Files held on the school's network will be regularly checked.
- The ICT co-ordinator and ICT Technician will review system capacity regularly.

#### 2.3.2 How will e-mail be managed?

- Pupils may only use approved e-mail accounts.
- Pupils must immediately tell a teacher if they receive offensive e-mail.
- Pupils must not reveal personal details of themselves or others in e-mail communication, or arrange to meet anyone without specific permission.
- Whole-class or group e-mail addresses should be used in primary schools.
- Access in school to external personal e-mail accounts may be blocked.
- Excessive social e-mail use can interfere with learning and may be restricted.
- E-mail sent to external organisations should be written carefully and authorised before sending, in the same way as a letter written on school headed paper.
- The forwarding of chain letters is not permitted.

#### 2.3.3 How will published content be managed?

- The contact details on the website should be the school address, e-mail and telephone number. Staff or pupils' personal information must not be published.
- E-mail addresses should be published carefully, to avoid spam harvesting.
- The ICT Co-ordinator, with support from the Head Teacher, will take overall editorial responsibility and ensure that content is accurate and appropriate.
- The website should comply with the school's guidelines for publications including respect for intellectual property rights and copyright.

#### 2.3.4 Can pupil's images or work be published?

- Images that include pupils will be selected carefully and will not enable individual pupils to be clearly identified.
- Pupils' full names will not be used anywhere on the website, particularly in association with photographs.

Review Date: Sept 2019

• Written permission from parents or carers will be obtained before images of pupils are electronically published.

 Work can only be published with the permission of the pupil and parents. Please see the Children's Safeguards site, "use of photographic images of children"

#### 2.3.5 How will social networking and personal publishing be managed?

- The school will block/filter access to social networking sites.
- Newsgroups will be blocked unless a specific use is approved.
- Pupils will be advised never to give out personal details of any kind which may identify them and / or their location. Examples would include real name, address, mobile or landline phone numbers, school attended, IM and e-mail addresses, full names of friends, specific interests and clubs etc.
- Pupils should be advised not to place personal photos on any social network space. They should
  consider how public the information is and consider using private areas. Advice should be given regarding
  background detail in a photograph which could identify the student or his/her location eg. house number,
  street name or school.
- Teachers' official blogs or wikis should be password protected and run from the school website. Teachers should be advised not to run social network spaces for student use on a personal basis.
- Pupils should be advised on security and encouraged to set passwords, deny access to unknown
  individuals and instructed how to block unwanted communications. Students should be encouraged to
  invite known friends only and deny access to others.
- Students should be advised not to publish specific and detailed private thoughts.
- School should be aware that bullying can take place through social networking especially when a space has been setup without a password and others are invited to see the bully's comments.

#### 2.3.6 How will filtering be managed?

- The school will work with Gloucestershire County Council, Southwest Grid for Learning (SWGfL) and the Internet Service Provider to ensure that systems to protect pupils from harm, inappropriate material or material that may lead to radicalization are reviewed and improved.
- If staff or pupils discover unsuitable sites, the URL must be reported to the e-safety Coordinator.
- Senior staff will ensure that regular checks are made to ensure that the filtering methods selected are appropriate, effective and reasonable.
- Any material that the school believes is illegal or linked to extremism, terrorism or radicalization must be reported to appropriate agencies.
- The school's filtering strategy will be designed by educators to suit the age and curriculum requirements of the pupils, advised by engineers.

#### 2.3.7 How will videoconferencing be managed?

#### The equipment and network

- IP videoconferencing should use the educational broadband network to ensure quality of service and security rather than the Internet.
- All videoconferencing equipment in the classroom must be switched off when not in use and not set to auto answer.
- Equipment connected to the educational broadband network should use the national E.164 numbering system and display their H.323 ID name.
- External IP addresses should not be made available to other sites.
- Videoconferencing contact information should not be put on the school Website.
- The equipment must be secure and if necessary locked away when not in use.
- School videoconferencing equipment should not be taken off school premises without permission. Use over the non-educational network cannot be monitored or controlled.

Review Date: Sept 2019

#### **Users**

- Pupils should ask permission from the supervising teacher before making or answering a videoconference call.
- Videoconferencing should be supervised appropriately for the pupils' age.

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- Parents and guardians should agree for their children to take part in videoconferences, probably in the annual return.
- Responsibility for the use of the videoconferencing equipment outside school time needs to be established with care.
- Only key administrators should be given access to the videoconferencing system, web or other remote control page available on larger systems.
- Unique log on and password details for the educational videoconferencing services should only be issued to members of staff and kept secure.

#### Content

- When recording a videoconference lesson, written permission should be given by all sites and participants. The reason for the recording must be given and the recording of videoconference should be clear to all parties at the start of the conference.
- Recorded material shall be stored securely.
- If third-party materials are to be included, check that recording is acceptable to avoid infringing the third party intellectual property rights.
- Videoconferencing is a challenging activity with a wide range of learning benefits. Preparation and evaluation are essential to the whole activity.
- Establish dialogue with other conference participants before taking part in a videoconference. If it is a non school site it is important to check that they are delivering material that is appropriate for your class.

#### 2.3.8 How can emerging technologies be managed?

- Emerging technologies will be examined for educational benefit and a risk assessment will be carried out before use in school is allowed.
- Mobile phones will not be used during lessons or formal school time. The sending of abusive or inappropriate text messages is forbidden.
- The school should investigate wireless, infra-red and Bluetooth communication technologies and decide a policy on phone use in school.

#### 2.3.9 How should personal data be protected?

• Personal data will be recorded, processed, transferred and made available according to the Data Protection Act 2018, in line with requirements of GDPR.

#### 2.4 Policy Decisions

#### 2.4.1 How will Internet access be authorised?

- The school will maintain a current record of all staff and pupils who are granted access to the school's electronic communications.
- All staff must read and sign the 'Staff Information Systems Code of Conduct' before using any school ICT resource.
- At Key Stage 1, access to the Internet will be by adult demonstration with occasional directly supervised access to specific, approved on-line materials.
- Parents will be asked to sign and return a consent form for pupil access.
- Parents will be informed that pupils will be provided with supervised Internet access.

#### 2.4.2 How will risks be assessed?

• The school will take all reasonable precautions to ensure that users access only appropriate material. However, due to the global and connected nature of Internet content, it is not possible to guarantee that access to unsuitable material will never occur via a school computer. The school cannot accept liability for the material accessed, or any consequences resulting from Internet use.

Review Date: Sept 2019

- The school should audit ICT use to establish if the e-safety policy is adequate and that the implementation of the e-safety policy is appropriate.
- The use of computer systems without permission or for inappropriate purposes could constitute a criminal offence under the Computer Misuse Act 1990.
- Methods to identify, assess and minimise risks will be reviewed regularly.

# 2.4.3 How will e-safety complaints be handled?

- Complaints of Internet misuse will be dealt with by the head teacher.
- Any complaint about staff misuse must be referred to the head teacher.
- Pupils and parents will be informed of the complaints procedure.
- Parents and pupils will need to work in partnership with staff to resolve issues.
- Sanctions within the school discipline policy include:
  - interview/counselling by the head teacher;
  - informing parents or carers;
  - removal of Internet or computer access for a period.

#### 2.4.4 How is the Internet used across the community?

- The school will liaise with local organisations to establish a common approach to e-safety.
- The school will be sensitive to Internet related issues experienced by pupils out of school, e.g. social networking sites, and offer appropriate advice.

#### 2.5 Communications Policy

## 2.5.1 How will the policy be introduced to pupils?

- E-Safety rules will be posted in rooms with Internet access. Pupils will be informed that network and Internet use will be monitored.
- An e-safety training programme will be introduced to raise the awareness and importance of safe and responsible internet use.
- Instruction in responsible and safe use should precede Internet access.
- An e-safety module will be included in the PSHE, Citizenship or ICT programmes covering both school and home use.

#### 2.5.2 How will the policy be discussed with staff?

- All staff will be given the School e-Safety Policy and its application and importance explained.
- Staff should be aware that Internet traffic can be monitored and traced to the individual user. Discretion and professional conduct is essential.
- Staff that manage filtering systems or monitor ICT use will be supervised by senior management and have clear procedures for reporting issues.
- Staff training in safe and responsible Internet use and on the school e-safety Policy will be provided as required.

#### 2.5.3 How will parents' support be enlisted?

 Parents' attention will be drawn to the school's e-Safety Policy in the school newsletter and on the school website.

Review Date: Sept 2019

- Internet issues will be handled sensitively, and parents will be advised accordingly.
- A partnership approach with parents will be encouraged. This could include parent evenings with demonstrations and suggestions for safe home Internet use.
- Advice on filtering systems and educational and leisure activities that include responsible use of the Internet will be made available to parents.